# Bishop Monkton CE Primary School - Geography Knowledge Organiser – North Yorkshire and its Coast—Year 1 —Place



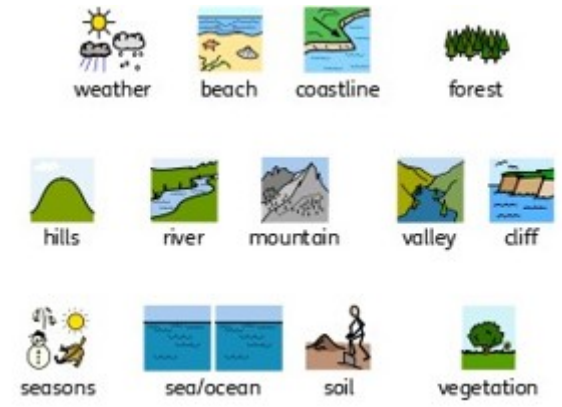




## Human Geographical Features




## Physical Geographical Features




## What should I already know?

- I go to school in Bishop Monkton.
- Bishop Monkton is a village.
- We live on a large island called Great Britain.
- We live in the country of England.

## Key Knowledge

- England is divided up into counties or shires.
- We live a large county called North Yorkshire.
- North Yorkshire has many different villages, towns and cities. It has rivers , farmland, mills, canals, factories, ports, offices… and a coastline.
- Know the difference between a village, a town, a city. E.g. York, Leyburn, Whitby, Bishop Monkton.
- Each of these have been developed through human activity (industry) e.g. Whitby—fishing, Leyburn—wool market, Richmond—market town, Middleham—horses and kings, Harrogate—tourism (spa), Middlesborough—coal and iron, Ripon—wool and cloth.
- The industry of a place often depends on the natural features of a place. E.g. hills = land for grazing sheep, coast and river = port and transport.

## Geographical Skills and Fieldwork

- Look at an **aerial view** or Bishop Monkton. Label the **human and the physical features**. Compare this to an **aerial** view of another North Yorkshire place.
- Take a walk around Bishop Monkton using a **map** to help you. Can you label it using symbols and create a key.
- Can you draw a **map** that includes your **house**, and the area around it? Can you label your **map** or use symbols?
- Can you use words like near/far and right/left to describe where places are?
- Visit another place in Yorkshire. Can you describe the differences and similarities?

## Vocabulary

| | |
|---|---|
| aerial view | A view from above. |
| canal | A human-made water way for carrying goods (products) e.g. wool, coal. |
| city | A large town. |
| factory | Where products (goods people use) are made in large quantities |
| house | A building designed for people to live in. |
| human geography | Areas of land that have been impacted (affected) by human activity. |
| industry | The activity of making and selling things. |
| map | A drawing of a particular area. |
| market | A place where people gather to buy and sell goods (products). |
| office | A building of rooms where business and work is carried out by **office** workers e.g. banks, solicitors. |
| physical geography | Natural features of land. |
| port | A place on the coast where boats load and off– load goods (products). |
| products | Things that are made (produced) to sell. |
| river | A large, natural stream of fresh water that flows into the sea or a lake. |
| shop | A building in which goods are sold. For example, supermarkets, clothes shops and toy shops. |
| town | A large group of **houses**, **shops** and buildings where people live and work. **Towns** are larger than **villages** but smaller than cities. |
| train station | A place on a railway line where trains stop for people to get on and off trains. |
| transport | Moving goods around e.g. canals, trains, ships. |
| village | A small group of **houses**, perhaps with a few shops, that are often in the countryside. |